

## 1. A 'TENER' structure

Eg: tener ganas de

*I feel like*

Tengo ganas de ir a Francia

*I feel like going to France*

## tener suerte

to be lucky

Tengo suerte porque

*I am lucky because*

## 2. At least THREE uses of 'because'

'porque' 'ya que' 'dado que'

Eg: Fui a Francia dado que me gusta la cocina

I went to France because I like the food

## 3. At least TWO justified points of view

Eg: Creo que España es el mejor país del mundo

porque la cocina es buenísima

I think that Spain is the best country in the world

because the food is very good

## 4. Decidí + inf...

Eg: Decidí hacer las compras

I decided to go shopping

## 5. Sin + inf

Eg: Sin perder un momento

Without wasting a moment

## 6. Antes de...

Eg: Antes de llegar *Before arriving*

Antes de comer *Before eating*

## 7. Al + inf

Eg: Al llegar *On arriving*

Al verle *On seeing him*

## 8. Después de + inf

Eg: Después de comer *After eating*

## 9. Exclamations

Eg: Qué buena idea! *What a good idea!*

Qué maravilloso! *How wonderful!*

Qué horror! *How horrible!*

Qué coincidencia! *What a coincidence!*

Qué pena! *What a shame!*

Qué desastre! *What a disaster!*

# COMPLEX STRUCTURES

## 10. At least THREE uses of the Present Tense

including 1 IRREGULAR

## 11. At least THREE uses of the Perfect Tense:

1 REFLEXIVE and 1 IRREGULAR past participle

## 12. At least THREE uses of the Future Tense

including an IRREGULAR

## 13. One use of the Imperfect Tense

Eg: Llovía *It was raining*

## 14. One use of the Conditional Tense

Eg: Sería *I / It would be*

Eso sería maravilloso *That would be marvellous*

## 15. Adjectives

Watch agreements and position

## 16. Impressive Vocabulary

Eg: Inolvidable *Unforgettable*

## 17. One use of the Pluperfect Tense

Eg: Le había ya conocido *I had already met him*

...que me habían prometido

...that I had been promised

## 18. Tan (so) or Verdaderamente (muy)

Eg: Tan importante *So important*

Tan útil *So useful*

## 19. A pesar de que (In spite of)

Eg: A pesar de que no tengo dinero

In spite of the fact that I have no money

## 20. Negatives

Eg: No voy nunca *I never go*

## 21. Acabar de... (to have just)

Eg: Acabo de empezar una nueva lengua

I have just started a new language

## 22. Estar a punto de...

Eg: Estaba a punto de hacer mis deberes

I was just about to do my homework

## 23. Comparatives

Eg: Más guapo que *More handsome than*

Menos fuerte que *Not as strong as*

Tan inteligente como *As intelligent as*

No es tan bonita que *Not as pretty as*

## 24. Superlatives

Eg: La más bonita *The prettiest*

El más desagradable *The most unpleasant*

## 25. A subjunctive (A-level but extra marks...)

Eg: Esperemos que sí *Let's hope so*

Ojalá pudiera *If only I could*

## 26. Desde hace

Eg: Vivo aquí desde hace cinco años

I have lived here for five years

## 27. Reduce simple verbs (Me llamo, Tengo, Es)

I decided to go shopping

## 28. Full Descriptions

(10 pieces of information)

## 29. Try not to repeat any verb

## 30. Use a variety of Connectives

Eg: Que *Who, which, that*

Mientras *Whilst, whereas*

Porque *For, because*

Cuando *When*

Puesto que *Since*

## 31. PARA with the Infinitive

Eg: Para ver a mi amigo *In order to see my friend*

## 32. Pronouns

Eg: Me acompañó *He came with me*