Centre No.			Surname	Initial(s)
Candidate No.			Signature	

Paper Reference(s) 4400/3H	Exam	niner's us	e only
London Examinations IGCSE	Team I	Leader's u	ise only
Mathematics			
Paper 3H		Page Numbers	Leave Blank
Higher Tier		3	
0		4	
Thursday 12 May 2005 – Morning		5	
Time: 2 hours		6	
		7	
Materials required for examination Items included with question papers		8	

Materials required for examination Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used.

Items included with question papers

Nil

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initial(s) and signature.

The paper reference is shown at the top of this page. Check that you have the correct question paper. Answer ALL the questions in the spaces provided in this question paper. Show all the steps in any calculations.

Information for Candidates

There are 20 pages in this question paper. All blank pages are indicated. The total mark for this paper is 100. The marks for parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (2).

You may use a calculator.

Advice to Candidates

Write your answers neatly and in good English.

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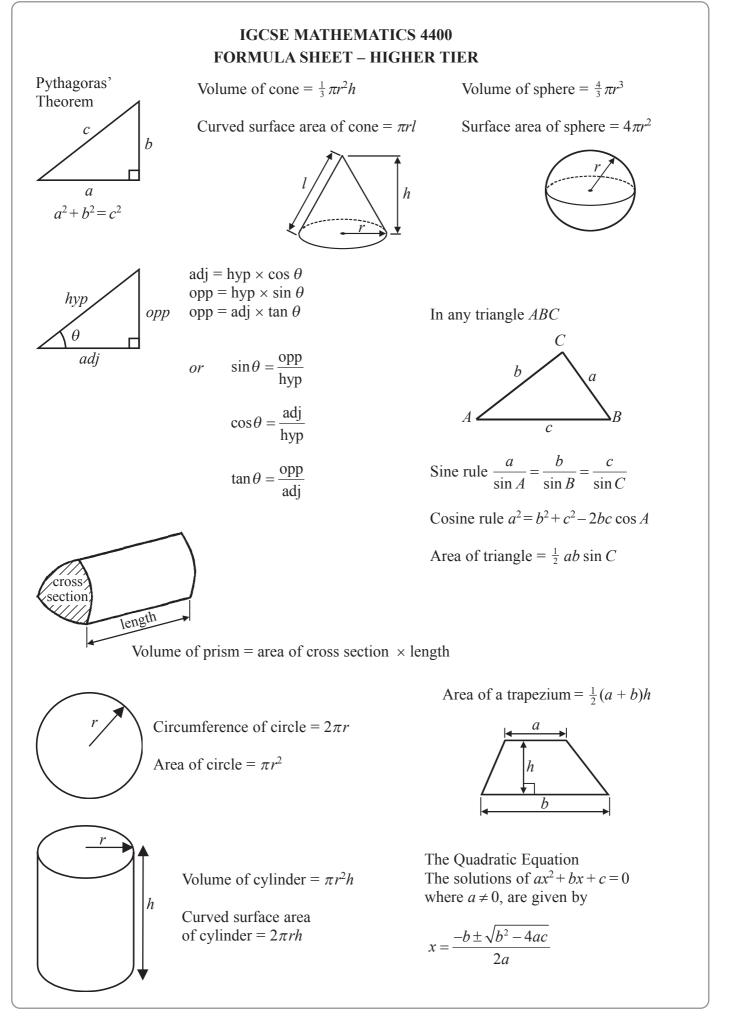
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Total

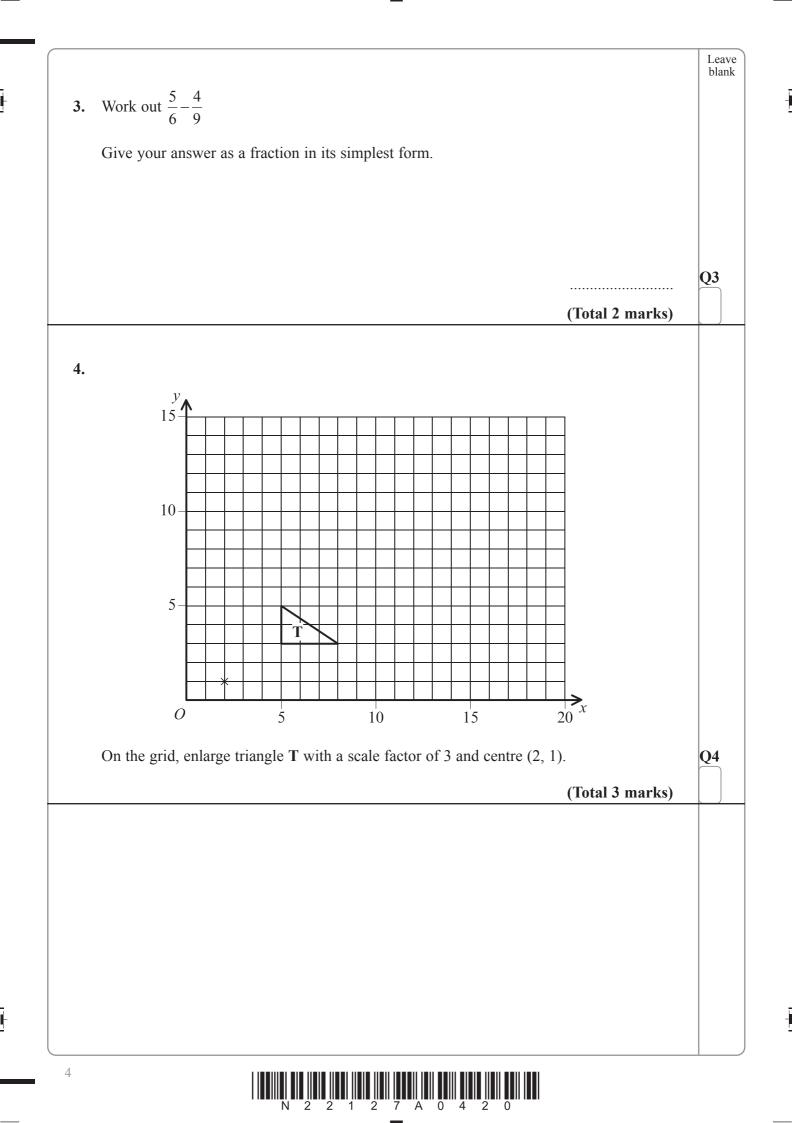
Turn over



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		Lea blaı
Answer ALL TWENTY TWO questions.		
Write your answers in the spaces provided.		
You must write down all stages in your working.		
1. Use your calculator to work out the value of $\frac{9.5 - 3.7}{1.3 \times 2.4}$		
Write down all the figures on your calculator display.		
		Q1
	(Total 2 marks)	
2 Solve $5(2n+2) = 20$		
2. Solve $5(2x+3) = 30$		
	<i>x</i> =	Q2
	(Total 3 marks)	
	7	3 Furn o v

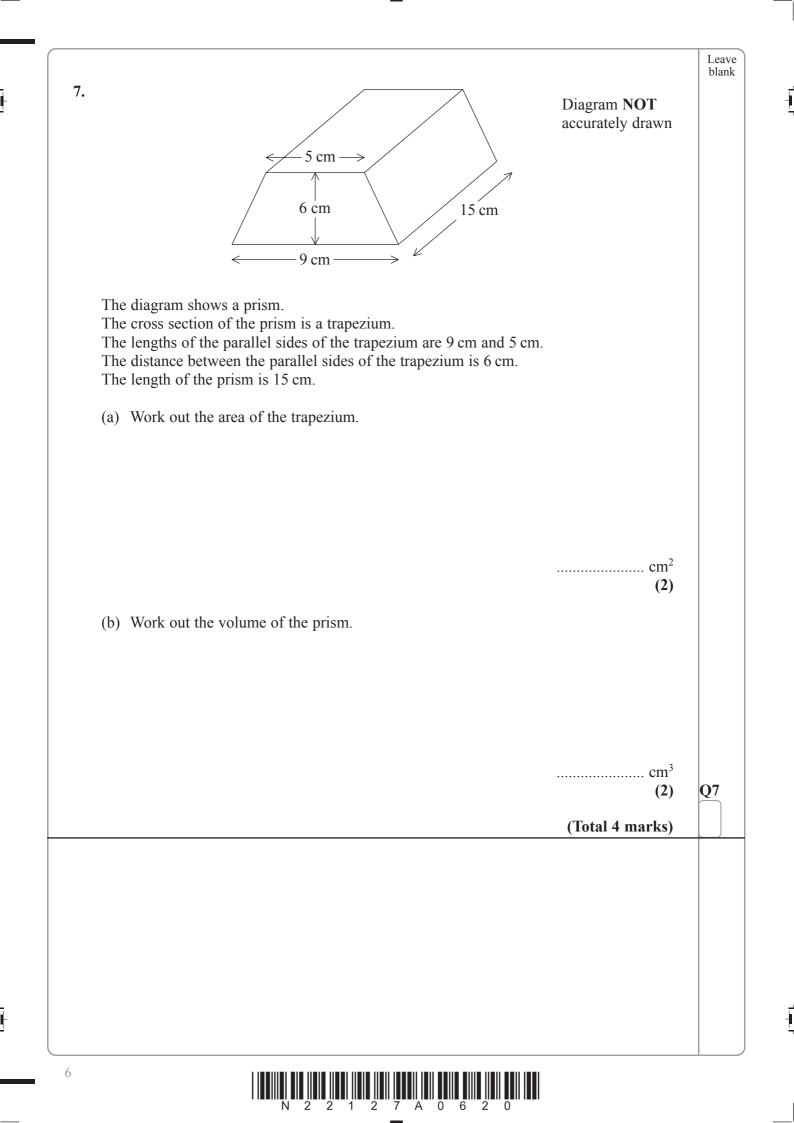
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5.	The probability that a person chosen at random has brown eyes is 0.45 The probability that a person chosen at random has green eyes is 0.12	
	(a) Work out the probability that a person chosen at random has either brown eyes or green eyes.	
	(2)	
	250 people are to be chosen at random.	
	(b) Work out an estimate for the number of people who will have green eyes.	
	(2)	Q5
	(Total 4 marks)	
6.	(a) Factorise $9p + 15$	
	(1)	
	(b) Factorise $q^2 - 4q$	
	(1)	
	(c) Factorise $x^2 - 3x - 10$	
	(2)	Q6
	(Total 4 marks)	
		5

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	In a sale at <i>Bargain Buys</i> , all the normal prices are reduced by 15% . The normal price of a printer is £240		Lea bla
	(a) Work out the sale price of the printer.		
		£(3)	
	In the same sale, the sale price of a laptop computer is £663	(3)	
	(b) Work out the normal price of the laptop computer.		
		£(3)	Q8
		(Total 6 marks)	
9.	(a) Solve the inequality $2x - 3 < 5$		
		(2)	
	(b) <i>n</i> is a positive integer.		
	Write down all the values of <i>n</i> which satisfy the inequality $2n - 3$	< 5	
		(2)	
			Q9

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i ne table gives info	formation about the ages	s, in years, of the 80 m	nembers of a sports club.
	Age (<i>t</i> years)	Frequency	
	$10 < t \leq 20$	8	
	$20 < t \leqslant 30$	38	
	$30 < t \leqslant 40$	28	
	$40 < t \leqslant 50$	4	
	$50 < t \le 60$	2	
			years (4)
b) Complete the c	cumulative frequency ta	able.	
b) Complete the o	Age (<i>t</i> years)	able. Cumulative frequency	
b) Complete the o	Age	Cumulative	
b) Complete the o	Age (t years)	Cumulative	
b) Complete the o	Age (t years) $10 < t \le 20$	Cumulative	
b) Complete the o	Age (t years) $10 < t \le 20$ $10 < t \le 30$	Cumulative	

(1)

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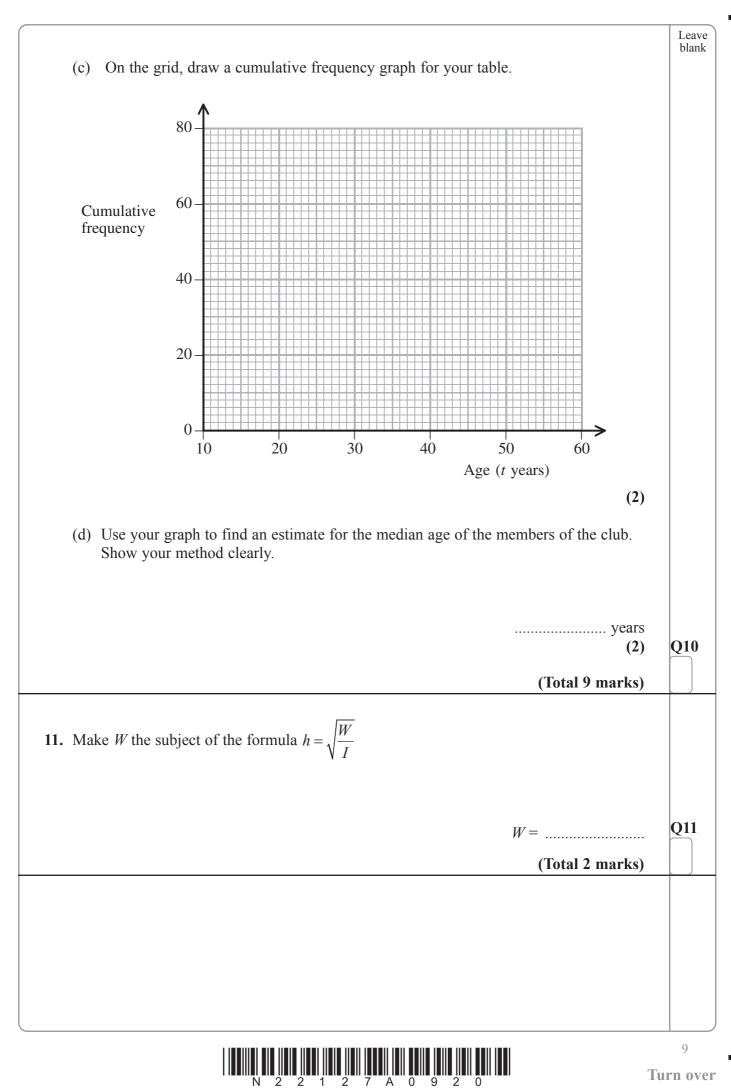
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 $10 \le t \le 60$

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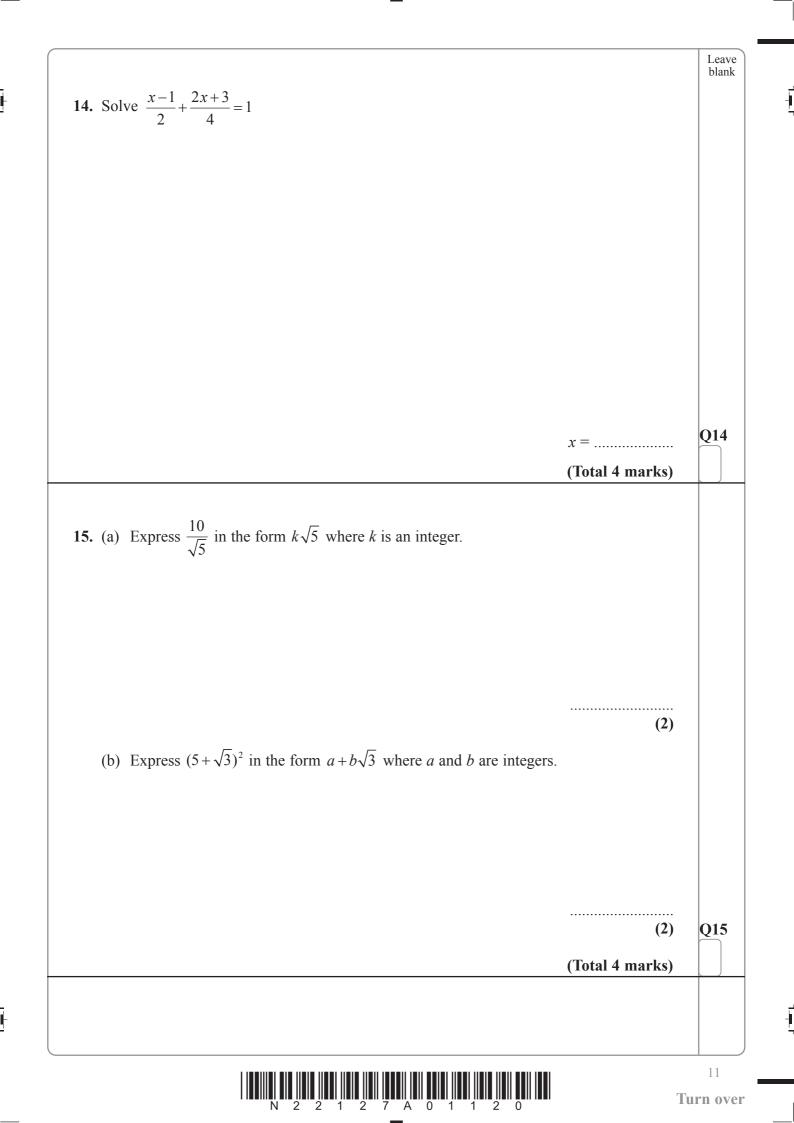


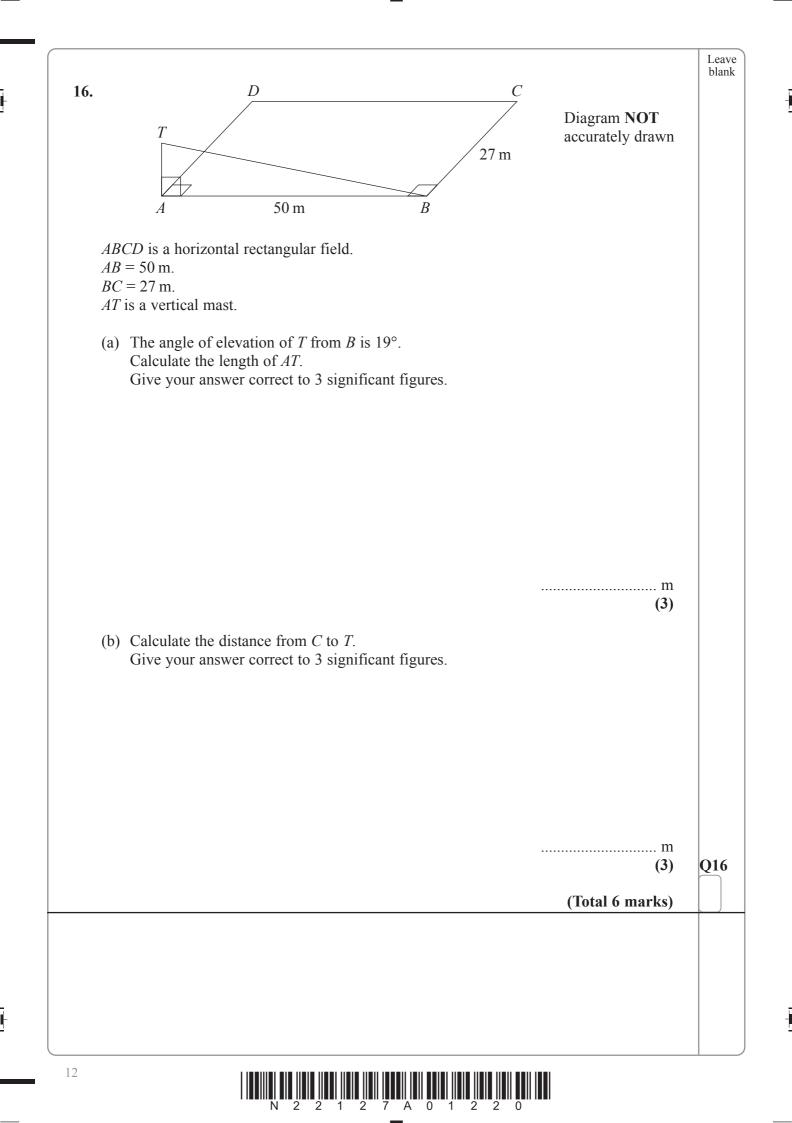
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12. The height of a hall is 12 m. A scale model is made of the hall.		
The height of the scale model of the hall is 30 cm.		
(a) Express the scale of the model in the form $1:n$		
	(3)	
The length of the scale model of the hall is 95 cm.		
(b) Work out the real length of the hall.		
Give your answer in metres.		
	m	
	(3)	Q12
	(Total 6 marks)	
12 The size of each systemics angle of a regular polygon is 199		
13. The size of each exterior angle of a regular polygon is 18°.		
(a) Work out how many sides the polygon has.		
	(2)	
(b) Work out the sum of the interior angles of the polygon.		
	0	
	(2)	Q13
	(Total 4 marks)	

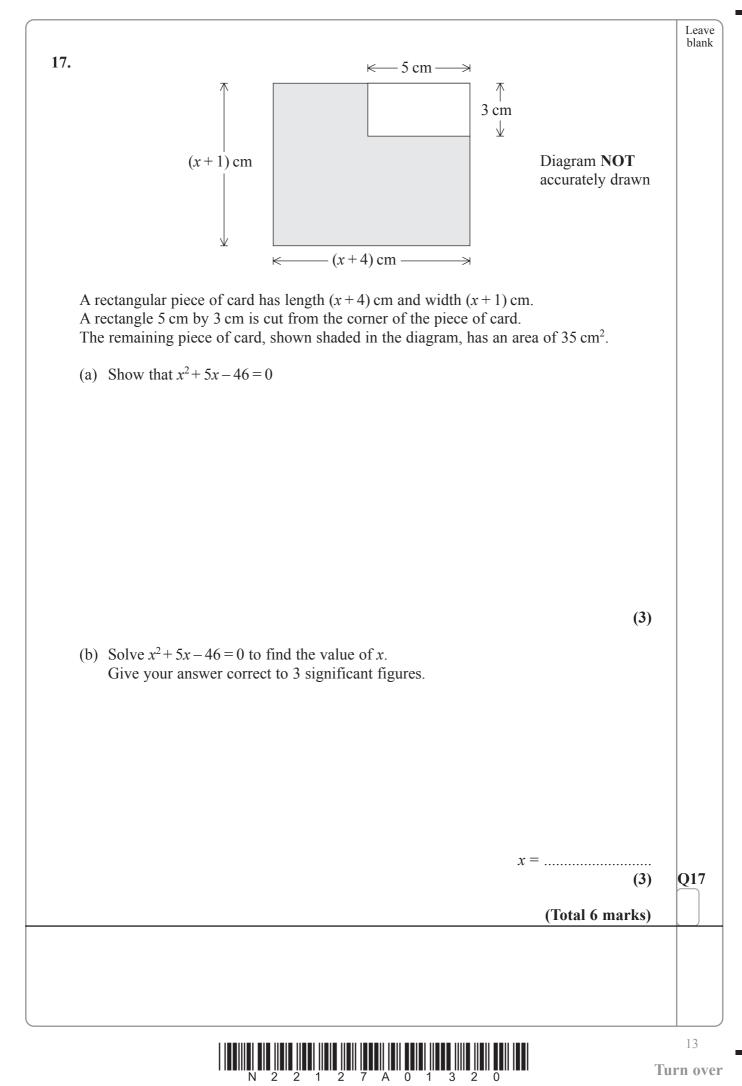
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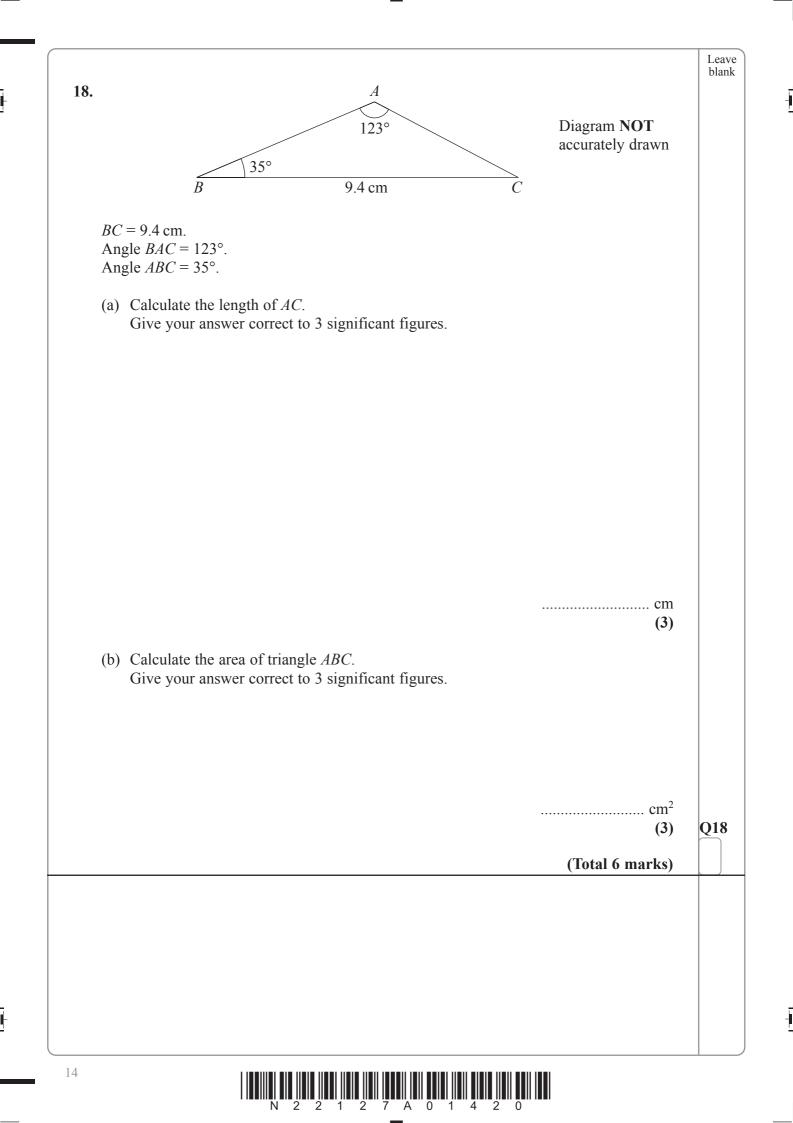
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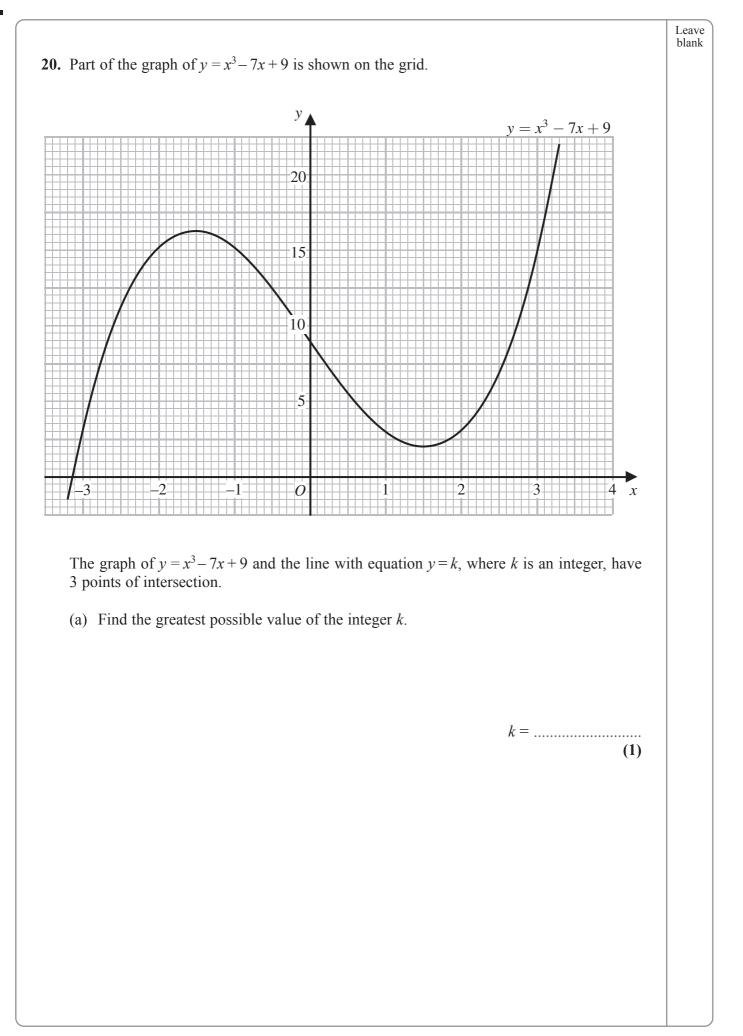




• The diagram shows six counters.	Lea bla
$(\mathbf{B}) (\mathbf{A}) (\mathbf{N}) (\mathbf{A}) (\mathbf{N}) (\mathbf{A})$	
Each counter has a letter on it.	
Bishen puts the six counters into a bag. He takes a counter at random from the bag. He records the letter which is on the counter and replaces the counter in the bag. He then takes a second counter at random and records the letter which is on the counter.	
(a) Calculate the probability that the first letter will be A and the second letter will be N.	
(2)	
(b) Calculate the probability that both letters will be the same.	
	01
(4) (Total 6 marks)	Q1



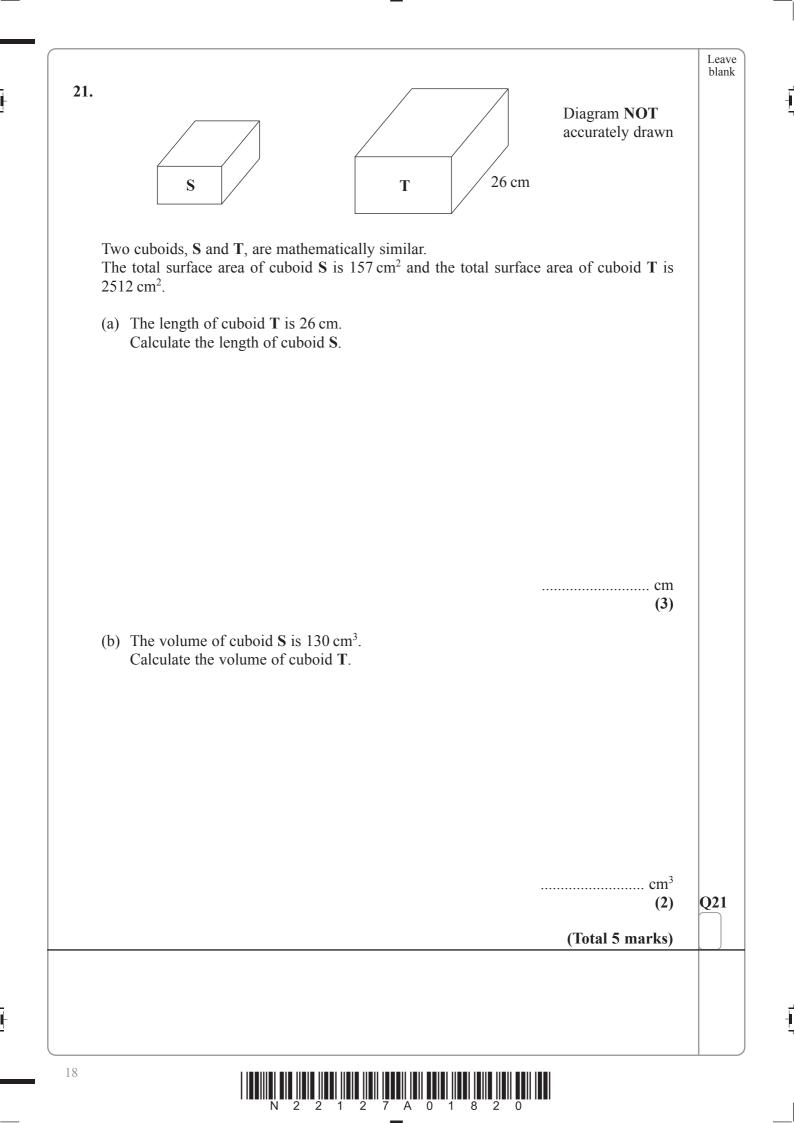
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(3) Q20 (Total 4 marks)	
(3) Q20	
(3) Q20	

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22. Simplify fully $\frac{2}{x-1} + \frac{x-11}{x^2+3x-4}$	
	Q22
(Total 6 marks)	
TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS	
END	

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